

## 8.5 "AC" Method of Factoring

(Factoring a Trinomial  $ax^2 + bx + c$ )

$$ax^2 + bx + c$$

\* Completing  
FOIL in  
Reverse

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \uparrow & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ x^2 + 5x + 6 \\ a=1 & b=5 & c=6 \end{array}$$

Step #1: Set-up your answer with  
your signs

→ The sign of the last term tells  
you if the signs will be the  
same (+) or if the signs  
will be different (-)

→ If the sign of the last term  
is positive then the signs in  
the 2 quantities will be the  
same. Look at the sign of the  
2nd term to see what the  
signs will be

Examples:  $x^2 + bx + c = (x + \_)(x + \_)$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow$   
both      same  
addition signs      signs

$$x^2 - bx + c = (x - \_)(x - \_)$$

both  
subtraction  
signs

same  
signs

$$x^2 +/- bx - c = (x + \_)(x - \_)$$

different  
signs

Step #2 : Find factors of "**ac**" that have a sum of "**b**". Use the table to help you.

| Factors of " <b>ac</b> "<br>or $(1 \cdot 6 = 6)$ | Sum of " <b>b</b> "<br>(5) |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1, 6                                             | 7                          |
| -1, 6                                            | 5                          |
| 1, -6                                            | -5                         |
| 2, 3                                             | 5                          |
| -2, 3                                            | 1                          |
| 2, -3                                            | -1                         |

Step #3 Rewrite the polynomial

$$x^2 + \underline{5x} + 6$$

$$x^2 + \underline{3x} + \underline{2x} + 6$$

\* Use the two factors you found to rewrite your middle term

Step #4 Factor by **Grouping**

$$x^2 + 3x + 2x + 6$$
$$(x^2 + 3x) + (2x + 6)$$

\* Group the first  
2 terms

\* Group the last  
2 terms

Step #5 Factor the **GCF** from each group

$$(x^2 + 3x) + (2x + 6)$$
$$\color{red}{x}(x + 3) + \color{red}{2}(x + 3)$$

Step #6 Rewrite your factored answer (the GCFs form your 1<sup>st</sup> quantity & the quantity that repeats forms your 2<sup>nd</sup> quantity)

$$x(x + 3) + 2(x + 3)$$
$$\color{red}{(x + 2)}(x + 3)$$

Step #7 : FOIL to check your answer

$$(x+2)(x+3)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} F & O & I & L \\ x^2 & + 2x & + 3x & + 6 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 6 \quad \checkmark$$

## 8-5

## Practice

Form G

Factoring  $x^2 + bx + c$ 

Complete.

1.  $k^2 + 11k + 30 = (k + 5)(k + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

2.  $x^2 + 6x + 9 = (x + 3)(x + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

3.  $t^2 + 7t + 10 = (t + 2)(t + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

4.  $n^2 + 9n + 14 = (n + 7)(n + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

5.  $w^2 + 13w + 36 = (w + 4)(w + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

6.  $y^2 + 18y + 65 = (y + 13)(y + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

7.  $s^2 - 12s + 32 = (s - 8)(s - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

8.  $g^2 - 14g + 45 = (g - 9)(g - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

9.  $v^2 - 17v + 60 = (v - 12)(v - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

10.  $q^2 - 13q + 42 = (q - 6)(q - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

11.  $d^2 - 9d + 8 = (d - 8)(d - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

12.  $r^2 - 9r + 20 = (r - 5)(r - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

Factor each expression. Check your answer.

13.  $y^2 + 5y + 6$

14.  $t^2 + 9t + 18$

15.  $x^2 + 16x + 63$

16.  $n^2 - 12n + 35$

17.  $r^2 - 12r + 27$

18.  $q^2 - 12q + 20$

19.  $w^2 + 19w + 60$

20.  $b^2 - 11b + 24$

21.  $z^2 - 13z + 12$

Complete.

22.  $q^2 + q - 56 = (q - 7)(q + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

23.  $z^2 - 3z - 18 = (z - 6)(z + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

24.  $n^2 - 6n - 40 = (n + 4)(n - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

25.  $y^2 + 3y - 4 = (y + 4)(y - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

26.  $v^2 - 5v - 36 = (v - 9)(v + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

27.  $d^2 + 2d - 15 = (d - 3)(d + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

28.  $m^2 - 5m - 14 = (m + 2)(m - \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

29.  $p^2 - 6p - 16 = (p - 8)(p + \boxed{\phantom{00}})$

## 8-5

## Practice (continued)

Form G

Factoring  $x^2 + bx + c$ 

Factor each expression. Check your answer.

30.  $r^2 + 3r - 10$

31.  $w^2 + 2w - 8$

32.  $z^2 + 3z - 40$

33.  $d^2 - 4d - 12$

34.  $p^2 - 7p - 8$

35.  $s^2 - 5s - 24$

36.  $x^2 + 5x - 6$

37.  $v^2 + 3v - 28$

38.  $n^2 + 2n - 63$

39.  $t^2 - 2t - 24$

40.  $a^2 - 7a - 18$

41.  $c^2 - c - 30$

42. The area of a rectangular door is given by the trinomial  $x^2 - 14x + 45$ . The door's width is  $(x - 9)$ . What is the door's length?

43. The area of a rectangular painting is given by the trinomial  $a^2 - 6a - 16$ . The painting's length is  $(a + 2)$ . What is the painting's width?

Write the correct factored form for each expression.

44.  $k^2 + 4kn - 96n^2$

45.  $g^2 - 13gh + 42h^2$

46.  $m^2 - 4mn - 32n^2$

47.  $x^2 + 5xy - 14y^2$

48.  $s^2 + 17st + 72t^2$

49.  $h^2 + 3hj - 88j^2$

50. **Error Analysis** Describe and correct the error made in factoring the trinomial.

$$\begin{array}{l} x^2 + 2x - 80 \\ = (x + 8)(x - 10) \end{array}$$

51. A rectangular pool cover has an area of  $p^2 + 9p - 36$ . What are possible dimensions of the pool cover? Use factoring.

# 8-5

## Practice

Form G

Factoring  $x^2 + bx + c$

Complete.

1.  $k^2 + 11k + 30 = (k + 5)(k + \boxed{6})$

2.  $x^2 + 6x + 9 = (x + 3)(x + \boxed{3})$

3.  $t^2 + 7t + 10 = (t + 2)(t + \boxed{5})$

4.  $n^2 + 9n + 14 = (n + 7)(n + \boxed{2})$

5.  $w^2 + 13w + 36 = (w + 4)(w + \boxed{9})$

6.  $y^2 + 18y + 65 = (y + 13)(y + \boxed{5})$

7.  $s^2 - 12s + 32 = (s - 8)(s - \boxed{4})$

8.  $g^2 - 14g + 45 = (g - 9)(g - \boxed{5})$

9.  $v^2 - 17v + 60 = (v - 12)(v - \boxed{5})$

10.  $q^2 - 13q + 42 = (q - 6)(q - \boxed{7})$

11.  $d^2 - 9d + 8 = (d - 8)(d - \boxed{1})$

12.  $r^2 - 9r + 20 = (r - 5)(r - \boxed{4})$

Factor each expression. Check your answer.

13.  $y^2 + 5y + 6$

$(y + 3)(y + 2)$

14.  $t^2 + 9t + 18$

$(t + 6)(t + 3)$

15.  $x^2 + 16x + 63$

$(x + 9)(x + 7)$

16.  $n^2 - 12n + 35$

$(n - 7)(n - 5)$

17.  $r^2 - 12r + 27$

$(r - 9)(r - 3)$

18.  $q^2 - 12q + 20$

$(q - 10)(q - 2)$

19.  $u^2 + 19u + 60$

$(u + 15)(u + 4)$

20.  $b^2 - 11b + 24$

$(b - 8)(b - 3)$

21.  $z^2 - 13z + 12$

$(z - 12)(z - 1)$

Complete.

22.  $q^2 + q - 56 = (q - 7)(q + \boxed{8})$

23.  $z^2 - 3z - 18 = (z - 6)(z + \boxed{3})$

24.  $n^2 - 6n - 40 = (n + 4)(n - \boxed{10})$

25.  $y^2 + 3y - 4 = (y + 4)(y - \boxed{1})$

26.  $v^2 - 5v - 36 = (v - 9)(v + \boxed{4})$

27.  $d^2 + 2d - 15 = (d - 3)(d + \boxed{5})$

28.  $m^2 - 5m - 14 = (m + 2)(m - \boxed{7})$

29.  $p^2 - 6p - 16 = (p - 8)(p + \boxed{2})$

## 8-5

## Practice (continued)

Form G

Factoring  $x^2 + bx + c$ 

Factor each expression. Check your answer.

30.  $r^2 + 3r - 10$

$(r + 5)(r - 2)$

31.  $w^2 + 2w - 8$

$(w + 4)(w - 2)$

32.  $z^2 + 3z - 40$

$(z + 8)(z - 5)$

33.  $d^2 - 4d - 12$

$(d - 6)(d + 2)$

34.  $p^2 - 7p - 8$

$(p - 8)(p + 1)$

35.  $s^2 - 5s - 24$

$(s - 8)(s + 3)$

36.  $x^2 + 5x - 6$

$(x + 6)(x - 1)$

37.  $v^2 + 3v - 28$

$(v + 7)(v - 4)$

38.  $n^2 + 2n - 63$

$(n + 9)(n - 7)$

39.  $t^2 - 2t - 24$

$(t - 6)(t + 4)$

40.  $a^2 - 7a - 18$

$(a - 9)(a + 2)$

41.  $c^2 - c - 30$

$(c - 6)(c + 5)$

42. The area of a rectangular door is given by the trinomial  $x^2 - 14x + 45$ . The door's width is  $(x - 9)$ . What is the door's length?  $x - 5$

43. The area of a rectangular painting is given by the trinomial  $a^2 - 6a - 16$ . The painting's length is  $(a + 2)$ . What is the painting's width?  $a - 8$

Write the correct factored form for each expression.

44.  $k^2 + 4kn - 96n^2$

$(k + 12n)(k - 8n)$

45.  $g^2 - 13gh + 42h^2$

$(g - 6h)(g - 7h)$

46.  $m^2 - 4mn - 32n^2$

$(m - 8n)(m + 4n)$

47.  $x^2 + 5xy - 14y^2$

$(x + 7y)(x - 2y)$

48.  $s^2 + 17st + 72t^2$

$(s + 8t)(s + 9t)$

49.  $h^2 + 3hj - 88j^2$

$(h + 11j)(h - 8j)$

50. **Error Analysis** Describe and correct the error made in factoring the trinomial.

The operation signs are wrong. The answer should be  $(x - 8)(x + 10)$ .

~~$$x^2 + 2x - 80$$

$$= (x + 8)(x - 10)$$~~

51. A rectangular pool cover has an area of  $p^2 + 9p - 36$ . What are possible dimensions of the pool cover? Use factoring.

$(p + 12)$  and  $(p - 3)$